

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A lubricant for die lubrication used during compaction pressure of a powder with a die while the lubricant is adhered by electrification to the surface of the die, the lubricant comprising a mixed powder of at least two different lubricants each having a melting point higher than a predetermined temperature of the compaction pressure.  
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2. The lubricant for die lubrication according to claim 1, wherein the at least two different lubricants each having a melting point higher than the predetermined temperature of the compaction pressure are at least two materials selected from the following groups:  
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  - group A: metallic soaps;
  - group B: polyethylenes;
  - group C: amide-based waxes;
  - group D: polyamides;
  - 15 group E: polypropylenes;
  - group F: polymers comprised of acrylic acid esters;
  - group G: polymers comprised of methacrylic acid esters;
  - group H: plastics including fluorine; and
  - group I: lubricants having layered crystal structures.
- 20 3. The lubricant for die lubrication according to claim 2, wherein the die is a preheated die.
4. The lubricant for die lubrication according to claim 1, wherein the die is a preheated die.
5. A method of manufacturing a high-density iron-based powder compact,  
25 comprising:
  - placing an iron-based mixed powder into a die; and
  - pressure molding the iron-based mixed powder at a predetermined temperature,

wherein the die has the surface on which a lubricant for die lubrication  
30 is adhered by electrification, and a mixed powder comprising at least two different

lubricants each having a melting point higher than the predetermined temperature of the compaction pressure is used as the lubricant for die lubrication.

6. The method of manufacturing a high-density iron-based powder compact according to claim 5, wherein the at least two different lubricants each having a melting point higher than a predetermined temperature of the compaction pressure are at least two materials selected from the following groups:

group A: metallic soaps;

group B: polyethylenes;

group C: amide-based waxes;

group D: polyamides;

group E: polypropylenes;

group F: polymers comprised of acrylic acid esters;

group G: polymers comprised of methacrylic acid esters;

group H: plastics including fluorine; and

group I: lubricants having layered crystal structures.

7. The method of manufacturing a high-density iron-based powder compact according to claim 6, comprising preheating the die and the iron-based mixed powder before the iron-based mixed powder is placed in the die.